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A Survey of State ELL/ESL Funding Systems

Prepared by Michael Griffith and John Hancock March 2006

The following information describes how selected states fund English Language Learner/English as a Second Language (ELL/ESL) programs. The states chosen for this survey include: California, Colorado, Florida, Maryland, Michigan, New Jersey, New York and Texas. All information contained in this StateNote is derived from state sources.

Additional information on bilingual education and ESL/ELL can be found on the ECS Bilingual/ESL Issue Site, under Education Issues, <u>http://www.ecs.org/ecsmain.asp?page=/html/issue.asp?issueID=16</u>.

California

Program Name	English Language Acquisition Program
Type of Funding	Categorical
Total Funding	\$57.7 million in FY 2005-06
Funding Per Student How Students Are Identified	\$100 per identified student Funds are distributed to districts for all English learners in grades 4-8. When funding requests exceed available funds, the law stipulates that priority be given to schools with the highest proportion of English learners. Districts may also receive a one-time allocation of \$100 per pupil for pupils in kindergarten through grade 12 who are reclassified as fluent English proficient (FEP), and for students in grades 4-8 who did not receive program funding. (California Education Code: 400 - 410)
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Colorado	
Colorado Program Name	English Language Proficiency Program
	English Language Proficiency Program Categorical
Program Name	
Program Name Type of Funding	Categorical

Florida

Program Name	English for Speakers of Other Languages
Type of Funding	Part of the state's foundation formula
Total Funding	Unknown
Funding Per Student	Students in ESL programs are given an additional weight of .318 in the state's foundation formula.
How Students Are Identified	The eligible student is identified and assessed as limited-English proficient based on assessment criteria approved by the State Department of Education. (Fla. Stat. Ann § 1011.62)
Maryland	
Program Name	Limited English Proficiency
Type of Funding	Categorical
Total Funding	\$67.8 million (FY 2005-2006)
Funding Per Student How Students Are Identified	Determined annually based on the number of limited-English proficient (LEP) students enrolled in the state system for at least two years. (MD. REGS. CODE. TIT. 13A.05.07.04) Non- or limited-English proficient (NEP/LEP) by means of a home language survey as well as an assessment of English listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills that is considered reliable by the Maryland
	State Department of Education. (MD. REGS. CODE. TIT. 13A.05.07.03)

Michigan

Program Name Type of Funding Total Funding	Bilingual Education Categorical \$2.8 million (FY 2005-2006)
Funding Per Student	Reimbursement is on an equal per-pupil basis and is based on the total number of ESL students enrolled in the state.
How Students Are Identified	 School district home language survey to determine initial eligibility. Student enrolled in grades 3-12 who scores at or below the 40th percentile on approved oral proficiency test. Student enrolled in grades 3-12 who scores at or below the 40th percentile on an English reading test, or sub-test, approved by the department. (<i>MICH. ADMIN. CODE. R. 388.705</i>)
New Jersey	
Program Name	Bilingual Education Aid
Type of Funding	Categorical
Total Funding	\$65.6 million (FY 2005-2006)
Funding Per Student	\$1,274 per identified student (FY 2005-2006) (N.J. Stat. § 18A:46A-9)

How Are Students Identified	Students who are identified as LEP and who are participating in a state- qualified bilingual program (<i>N.J.A.C. 6A: 15 - 1.3(c)</i>) or students who continue to need and participate in bilingual, ESL or ELS program services on the basis of multiple indicators (<i>N.J.A.C. 6A: 15 – 1.10(b</i>)).
New York	
Program Name	Limited English Proficiency Aid
Type of Funding	Part of the state's foundation formula and Categorical Aid
Total Funding	Districts are required to expend at least as much money on LEP programs this year as they did in previous years (\$105.5 million in 2005-2006). Plus, low income districts can receive additional LEP grants (\$4.2 million in 2005-2006).
Funding Per Student	School districts receive \$143 per pupil on average for LEP students within the funding formula. In addition, low income districts are eligible for grants equal to 33% of the funding that the district receives from the state for an average student.
How Are Students Identified	Pupils from homes where a language other than English is spoken, and who score below the 40th percentile on a standardized test of English proficiency. Districts must receive prior program approval and report actual ESL expenditures for the previous school year to qualify for this payment.
Texas	
Program Name	Bilingual Education
Type of Funding	Part of the state's foundation formula
Total Funding	Unknown
Funding Per Student	Each student who is identified as needing bilingual education is given an addition weight of .1 in the state's foundation formula.
How Are Students Identified	Students who are enrolled in a bilingual education program.

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