

¹transfer *verb*

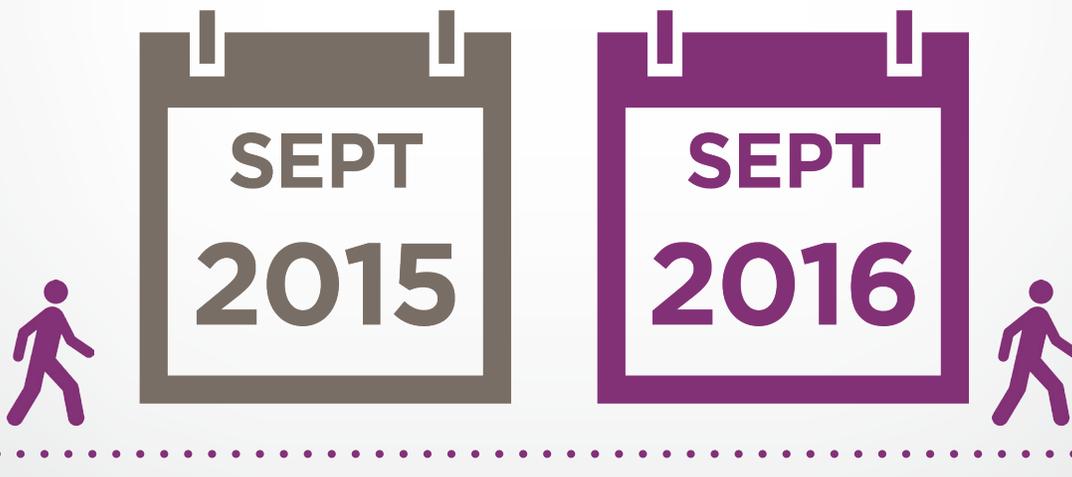
trans·fer \tran(t)s-'fər, 'tran(t)s-\

1: the process of moving credit from one higher education institution to another. Students may transfer vertically or horizontally. Transfer policies aim to facilitate the process of moving credit between institutions successfully to help students complete credentials in a timely fashion with the least amount of lost credits.

1/3 of the students who entered higher education in 2008 **TRANSFERRED** to a different institution **AT LEAST ONCE** within six years.



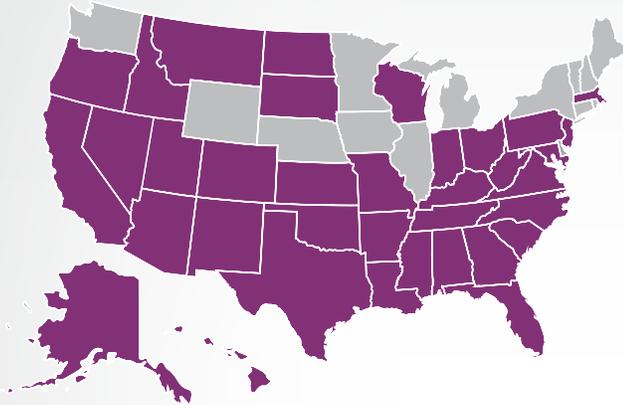
Timing of first transfer tends to be **YEAR TWO**.



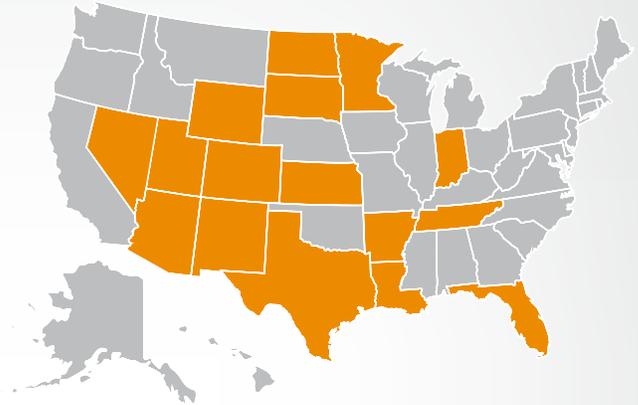
Sources: nscresearchcenter.org/wp-content/uploads/SignatureReport9.pdf,
<http://nces.ed.gov/pubs2014/2014163.pdf>

DATABASE FINDINGS

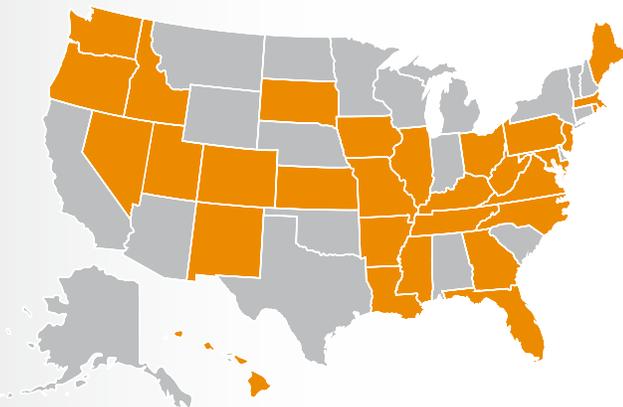
36 states have transferable core of lower-division courses



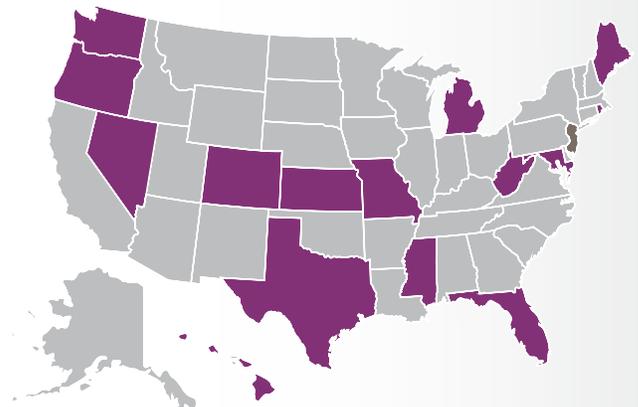
16 states have statewide common course numbering



31 states have statewide guaranteed transfer of an associate degree



15 states have statewide reverse transfer (New Jersey is pending in legislation)



ISSUE BRIEFS

- [Reverse Transfer: The path less traveled](#)
- [Reverse Transfer: Paving the pathway](#)
- [Reverse Transfer: What is the best route to take?](#)

LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITY

- [Transfer database](#)
- [General legislative action](#)
- [Blueprint for College Readiness](#)

STAFF CONTACT

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